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financial statements). However, limited partnerships and joint ventures that conduct, operate, manage, or report upon oil and gas drilling or income programs, that acquire properties either for drilling and production, or for production of oil, gas, or geothermal steam or water, need not include such disclosure.

- (b) To the extent that Items 1202 through 1208 (§§ 229.1202-229.1208) call for disclosures in tabular format, as specified in the particular Item, a registrant may modify such format for ease of presentation, to add information or to combine two or more required tables.
- (c) The definitions in Rule 4-10(a) of Regulation S-X (17 CFR 210.4-10(a))

shall apply for purposes of this Subpart 229.1200.

- (d) For purposes of this Subpart 229.1200, the term *by geographic area* means, as appropriate for meaningful disclosure in the circumstances:
  - (1) By individual country;
- (2) By groups of countries within a continent; or
  - (3) By continent.

# $\S$ 229.1202 (Item 1202) Disclosure of reserves.

(a) Summary of oil and gas reserves at fiscal year end. (1) Provide the information specified in paragraph (a)(2) of this Item in tabular format as provided below:

SUMMARY OF OIL AND GAS RESERVES AS OF FISCAL-YEAR END BASED ON AVERAGE FISCAL-YEAR PRICES

	Reserves					
Reserves category	Oil (mbbls)	Natural gas (mmcf)	Synthetic oil (mbbls)	Synthetic gas (mmcf)	Product A (measure)	
PROVED						
Developed:						
Continent A						
Continent B						
Country A						
Country B						
Other Countries in Continent B						
Undeveloped:						
Continent A						
Continent B						
Country A						
Country B						
Other Countries in Continent B						
TOTAL PROVED						
PROBABLE						
PROBABLE  Developed						
Undeveloped						
POSSIBLE						
Developed						
Undeveloped						

- (2) Disclose, in the aggregate and by geographic area and for each country containing 15% or more of the registrant's proved reserves, expressed on an oil-equivalent-barrels basis, reserves estimated using prices and costs under existing economic conditions, for the product types listed in paragraph (a)(4) of this Item, in the following categories:
  - (i) Proved developed reserves;
  - (ii) Proved undeveloped reserves;
  - $(iii)\ Total\ proved\ reserves;$

- (iv) Probable developed reserves (optional);
- (v) Probable undeveloped reserves
  (optional);
- (vi) Possible developed reserves (optional); and
- (vii) Possible undeveloped reserves (optional).

Instruction 1 to paragraph (a)(2): Disclose updated reserves tables as of the close of each fiscal year.

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Instruction 2 to paragraph (a)(2): The registrant is permitted, but not required, to disclose probable or possible reserves pursuant to paragraphs (a)(2)(iv) through (a)(2)(vii) of this Item.

Instruction 3 to paragraph (a)(2): If the registrant discloses amounts of a product in barrels of oil equivalent, disclose the basis for such equivalency.

Instruction 4 to paragraph (a)(2): A registrant need not provide disclosure of the reserves in a country containing 15% or more of the registrant's proved reserves if that country's government prohibits disclosure of reserves in that country. In addition, a registrant need not provide disclosure of the reserves in a country containing 15% or more of the registrant's proved reserves if that country's government prohibits disclosure in a particular field and disclosure of reserves in that country would have the effect of disclosing reserves in particular fields.

- (3) Reported total reserves shall be simple arithmetic sums of all estimates for individual properties or fields within each reserves category. When probabilistic methods are used, reserves should not be aggregated probabilistically beyond the field or property level; instead, they should be aggregated by simple arithmetic summation.
- (4) Disclose separately material reserves of the following product types:
  - (i) Oil;
  - (ii) Natural gas;
  - (iii) Synthetic oil;
  - (iv) Synthetic gas; and
- (v) Sales products of other non-renewable natural resources that are intended to be upgraded into synthetic oil and gas.
- (5) If the registrant discloses probable or possible reserves, discuss the uncertainty related to such reserves estimates.
- (6) If the registrant has not previously disclosed reserves estimates in a filing with the Commission or is disclosing material additions to its reserves estimates, the registrant shall provide a general discussion of the technologies used to establish the appropriate level of certainty for reserves estimates from material properties included in the total reserves disclosed. The particular properties do not need to be identified.
- (7) Preparation of reserves estimates or reserves audit. Disclose and describe the internal controls the registrant uses in

its reserves estimation effort. In addition, disclose the qualifications of the technical person primarily responsible for overseeing the preparation of the reserves estimates and, if the registrant represents that a third party conducted a reserves audit, disclose the qualifications of the technical person primarily responsible for overseeing such reserves audit.

- (8) Third party reports. If the registrant represents that a third party prepared, or conducted a reserves audit of, the registrant's reserves estimates, or any estimated valuation thereof, or conducted a process review, the registrant shall file a report of the third party as an exhibit to the relevant registration statement or other Commission filing. If the report relates to the preparation of, or a reserves audit of, the registrant's reserves estimates, it must include the following disclosure, if applicable to the type of filing:
- (i) The purpose for which the report was prepared and for whom it was prepared;
- (ii) The effective date of the report and the date on which the report was completed;
- (iii) The proportion of the registrant's total reserves covered by the report and the geographic area in which the covered reserves are located;
- (iv) The assumptions, data, methods, and procedures used, including the percentage of the registrant's total reserves reviewed in connection with the preparation of the report, and a statement that such assumptions, data, methods, and procedures are appropriate for the purpose served by the report;
- (v) A discussion of primary economic assumptions;
- (vi) A discussion of the possible effects of regulation on the ability of the registrant to recover the estimated reserves;
- (vii) A discussion regarding the inherent uncertainties of reserves estimates:
- (viii) A statement that the third party has used all methods and procedures as it considered necessary under the circumstances to prepare the report:

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- (ix) A brief summary of the third party's conclusions with respect to the reserves estimates; and
- (x) The signature of the third party. (9) For purposes of this Item 1202, the term reserves audit means the process of reviewing certain of the pertinent facts interpreted and assumptions underlying a reserves estimate prepared by another party and the rendering of an opinion about the appropriateness of the methodologies employed, the adequacy and quality of the data relied
- upon, the depth and thoroughness of the reserves estimation process, the classification of reserves appropriate to the relevant definitions used, and the reasonableness of the estimated reserves quantities.
- (b) Reserves sensitivity analysis (optional). (1) The registrant may, but is not required to, provide the information specified in paragraph (b)(2) of this Item in tabular format as provided below:

SENSITIVITY OF RESERVES TO PRICES BY PRINCIPAL PRODUCT TYPE AND PRICE SCENARIO

	Prod- uct A	meas- ure		
Possible reserves	Pr.	E I		
	Syn. gas	mmcf		
	Syn. oil	slqqm		
	Gas	mmcf		
	ō	slqqm		
Probable reserves	Product A	measure		
	Syn. gas	mmcf		
	Gas Syn. oil	slqqm		
	Gas	mmcf		
	liO	slqqm		
Proved reserves	Product A Oil	measure		
	Syn. gas	mmcf		
	Syn. oil	slqqm		
	Gas	mmcf		
	liO	slqqm		
	Price		Sce- nario 1.	Sce- nario 2.

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- (2) The registrant may, but is not required to, disclose, in the aggregate, an estimate of reserves estimated for each product type based on different price and cost criteria, such as a range of prices and costs that may reasonably be achieved, including standardized futures prices or management's own forecasts.
- (3) If the registrant provides disclosure under this paragraph (b), disclose the price and cost schedules and assumptions on which the disclosed values are based.

Instruction to Item 1202: Estimates of oil or gas resources other than reserves, and any estimated values of such resources, shall not be disclosed in any document publicly filed with the Commission, unless such information is required to be disclosed in the document by foreign or state law; provided, however, that where such estimates previously have been provided to a person (or any of its affiliates) that is offering to acquire, merge, or consolidate with the registrant or otherwise to acquire the registrant's securities, such estimate may be included in documents related to such acquisition.

# § 229.1203 (Item 1203) Proved undeveloped reserves.

- (a) Disclose the total quantity of proved undeveloped reserves at year end.
- (b) Disclose material changes in proved undeveloped reserves that occurred during the year, including proved undeveloped reserves converted into proved developed reserves.
- (c) Discuss investments and progress made during the year to convert proved undeveloped reserves to proved developed reserves, including, but not limited to, capital expenditures.
- (d) Explain the reasons why material amounts of proved undeveloped reserves in individual fields or countries remain undeveloped for five years or more after disclosure as proved undeveloped reserves.

# § 229.1204 (Item 1204) Oil and gas production, production prices and production costs.

(a) For each of the last three fiscal years disclose production, by final product sold, of oil, gas, and other products. Disclosure shall be made by geographical area and for each country and field that contains 15% or more of

the registrant's total proved reserves expressed on an oil-equivalent-barrels basis unless prohibited by the country in which the reserves are located.

- (b) For each of the last three fiscal years disclose, by geographical area:
- (1) The average sales price (including transfers) per unit of oil, gas and other products produced; and
- (2) The average production cost, not including ad valorem and severance taxes, per unit of production.

Instruction 1 to Item 1204: Generally, net production should include only production that is owned by the registrant and produced to its interest, less royalties and production due others. However, in special situations (e.g., foreign production) net production before any royalties may be provided, if more appropriate. If "net before royalty" production figures are furnished, the change from the usage of "net production" should be noted

Instruction 2 to Item 1204: Production of natural gas should include only marketable production of natural gas on an "as sold" basis. Production will include dry, residue, and wet gas, depending on whether liquids have been extracted before the registrant transfers title. Flared gas, injected gas, and gas consumed in operations should be omitted. Recovered gas-lift gas and reproduced gas should not be included until sold. Synthetic gas, when marketed as such, should be included in natural gas sales.

Instruction 3 to Item 1204: If any product, such as bitumen, is sold or custody is transferred prior to conversion to synthetic oil or gas, the product's production, transfer prices, and production costs should be disclosed separately from all other products.

Instruction 4 to Item 1204: The transfer price of oil and gas (natural and synthetic) produced should be determined in accordance with FASB ASC paragraph 932–235–50–24 (Extractive Activities—Oil and Gas Topic).

Instruction 5 to Item 1204: The average production cost, not including ad valorem and severance taxes, per unit of production should be computed using production costs disclosed pursuant to FASB ASC Topic 932, Extractive Activities—Oil and Gas. Units of production should be expressed in common units of production with oil, gas, and other products converted to a common unit of measure on the basis used in computing amortization.

 $[74\ FR\ 2193,\ Jan.\ 14,\ 2009,\ as\ amended\ at\ 76\ FR\ 50121,\ Aug.\ 12,\ 2011]$